**%AO 399** 

(Rav. (0/95)

## WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

TO:	Law Office	of Shmuel Klein, PC		•	
		(NAME OF PLAINTIFF'S ATTO	(NAME OF PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY OR UNREPRESENTED PLAINTIFF)		
I,	T-Mobile	(DEFENDANT NAME)		acknowledge receipt of your request	
that I v	vaive service of	summons in the action of Wo	owick v. T-Mo		
which i	is case number	07-cv-7130		urion of Acrossi in the United States District Court	
for the	Southern	District			
I ag that I (o I (o	gree to save the corr the entity on w	ost of service of a summons and an ad those behalf I am acting) be served those behalf I am acting) will retain	ditional copy of the covith judicial process		
		cept for objections based on a defect udgment may be entered against me	ut the summons or h	n the service of the summons.	
		Rule 12 is not served upon you with		August 13, 2007	
r withir	ı 90 days after ti	oat date if the request was sent outside		September 13, 200700	
d etu	Ver. 5, 20	07 Joh 4	Shly MONATU	RE)	
		Printed Typed Name:		Schlang	
		As Curporate	Cornsel of	T-Mo4,12 (CORPORATE DEFENDANT)	

## Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain puries to cooperate in saving introcessory costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who, after being notified of an action and saked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of summons, fails to do so will be required to bear the cost of such sarvice unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and terms the waiver.

It is not good extend for a fallure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded, or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons rathins all defenses and objections (except any relating to the assumed or to the service of the numbers), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the corporate with the count. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to snaver than if the sammons but been actually served when the request for waiver of service was technical.